



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SEC. 44. Any person who violates any of the provisions of section 39 to section 43, inclusive, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$1 nor more than \$25 for every such violation.

SEC. 45. Any person who shall sell or offer for sale within the city of La Salle any diseased poultry or fish or the flesh of any diseased animal, fowl, or fish, or any tainted or spoiled meat or any decayed or unwholesome fruit or vegetable, or unsound or unwholesome provisions whatever to be used or eaten for human food, shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 in each case, and the sanitary policeman or any police or health officer may seize, take, and destroy any meat, food, or drink so exposed or offered for sale.

SEC. 46. That no person, whether owner, manager, keeper of, agent, bartender, or clerk in any saloon, restaurant, boarding house, or eating house, located within the city of La Salle shall offer for sale as food or drink anything unclean, poisonous, or unwholesome, and any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for each and every such offense.

SEC. 47. That no occupant of any building, room, stand, stall, or other place in the city of La Salle where cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, or other animals are slaughtered or killed, and no occupant of any building, room, stand, stall, or other place in the city where milk, game, poultry, fish, vegetables, fruits, groceries, or other articles of food are prepared, kept, sold, or offered for sale shall permit such place or any appurtenance thereto to be unnecessarily unclean and unwholesome. No person who slaughters or kills in said city any cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, or other animals, and no person, who prepares, keeps, sells, or offers for sale any meat, game, poultry, fish, vegetables, fruits, groceries, or other articles of food shall permit any implement, knife, measure, or utensil used in connection therewith to be unnecessarily unclean or unwholesome or in unfit condition for use in connection with the slaughtering or killing of cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, or other animals, or for the preparation, keeping, selling, offering for sale, and delivery of meat, game, poultry, fish, vegetables, fruits, groceries, or other articles of food.

Any person who violates any of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not more than \$25 for each and every offense.

Meat—Sale of—Slaughtering of Animals. (Ord. Apr. 23, 1914.)

SEC. 48. No person shall slaughter any cattle for the purpose of sale as food within the city of La Salle when such cattle are in a feverish or diseased condition; and any person violating the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$25 for each and every such offense.

SEC. 49. No slaughtered calf, pig, or lamb or the meat thereof shall be sold or offered for sale within the city of La Salle which, at the date of being butchered or slaughtered (being a calf) was less than four weeks old or (being a pig) was less than five weeks old or (being a lamb) was less than eight weeks old, under a penalty of not less than \$10 nor more than \$100 for each offense.

SEC. 50. No person shall sell or offer for sale in the city of La Salle any sheep or lamb slaughtered for food until the pelt, head, and feed thereof shall have been removed; and any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not less than \$1 nor more than \$25 for each and every offense.

Milk and Cream—Production, Care, and Sale. (Ord. Apr. 23, 1914.)

ART. 6. SEC. 51. No person, firm or corporation shall sell or offer for sale any milk or cream within the city of La Salle without having obtained a license so to do, in the manner hereinafter provided.